

TwD. Tunbridge-Woodstock fine sandy loams, very rocky, 15 to 25 percent slopes

The Tunbridge component makes up 45 percent of the map unit. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. This component is on hills on glaciated uplands, mountains on glaciated uplands. The parent material consists of coarse-loamy till. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches.

The Woodstock component makes up 35 percent of the map unit. The natural drainage class is somewhat excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. This component is on mountains on glaciated uplands, hills on glaciated uplands. The parent material consists of coarse-loamy till. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 10 to 20 inches.

Important farmland classification: NPSL Land capability: 4 e Vermont Agricultural Value Group: 9

Vermont Residential Onsite Waste Disposal Group and Subgroup: Ild

This unit is moderately suited as a site for soil-based residential wastewater disposal systems, based on a review by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of criteria set forth in the Vermont 2007 Environmental Protection Rules. The depth to bedrock and slopes greater than 20 percent in some areas are the primary concerns. A significant percentage of this map unit has sufficient soil depth over bedrock to accept a range of designs. On-site investigations can help avoid areas with limited depth to bedrock. Additional fill material may be needed in some areas in order to meet the separation distance requirement between the bottom of the leachfield and bedrock. There may be less-sloping areas within the unit that are suitable for siting a septic system, or, if feasible, cut and fill site modifications may produce an acceptable area within the unit. An erosion prevention and sediment control plan is required by the State for construction on sites over 20 percent slope.

PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES								EDOSION FACTORS	
Soil name	Depth (In)	Typical texture	Clay (Pct)	Soil reaction (pH)	Permeability (In/Hr)	Organic matter (Pct)	EROSION FACTORS		
							Kw	Kf	Т
Tunbridge	0-7	FSL	5-9	3.6 - 6.0	0.6-6	2.0-8.0	.24	.24	2
	7-18	L	3-9	3.6 - 6.0	0.6-6	0.5-4.5	.43	.43	
	18-25	L	3-9	5.1 - 6.5	0.6-6	0.0-1.0	.55	.55	
	25-35	UWB			0.01-20				
Woodstock	0-2	FSL	3-10	5.1 - 6.5	2-6	5.0-9.0	.32	.32	1
	2-9	GR-FSL	3-10	5.1 - 6.5	2-6	0.5-2.0	.20	.37	
	9-12	GR-FSL	1-5	5.6 - 6.5	6-20	0.0-0.5	.24	.43	
	12-22	UWB			0.01-20				

WATER FEATURES							SOIL FEATURES		
	Hydrologic	Depth to seasonal	Flooding		Ponding		Hydric		
Soil name	group	high water table (Feet)	Frequency Duration		Frequency	Duration	soil?	Depth to bedrock (range in inches)	
Tunbridge	С		None		None		No	20-40	
Woodstock	D		None		None		No	10-20	

	LAND USE LIMITA	<u>A</u>	AGRICULTURAL YIELD DATA			
Soil name	Land use	Rating	Reason **	Cro	op name	Yield / acre
Tunbridge	Dwellings with basements:	Very limited	Slope		Alfalfa hay	3.5 Tons
Woodstock	Dwellings with basements:	Very limited	Slope		Corn silage	15 Tons
Tunbridge	9	•	Clana		Grass hay	3 Tons
Tunbridge	Pond reservoir areas:	Very limited	Slope		Grass-legume hay	3 Tons
Woodstock	Pond reservoir areas:	Very limited	Slope		Grass-clover	4.8 AUM

	Management	WOODLAND MANAGEMENT			
Soil name	concern	Rating	Reason	Vermont natural communities	
Tunbridge	Harvest equip operability:	Moderately suited	Slope	Northern Hardwood Forest,	
Woodstock	Harvest equip operability:	Moderately suited	Slope	Hemlock-Northern Hardwood Forest, Mesic Red Oak-Northern Hardwood Forest,	
Tunbridge	Road suitability:	Poorly suited	Slope	Beech-Red Maple-Hemlock-Northern Hardwood	
Woodstock	Road suitability:	Poorly suited	Slope	Forest Variant, Hemlock Forest	



Soil Fact Sheet - Continued

Franklin County, Vermont

Tunbridge Erosion hazard (off-road): Moderate Slope/erodibility
Woodstock Erosion hazard (off-road): Moderate Slope/erodibility